

2° Investing Initiative

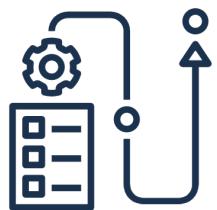
PACTA for Banks Training Webinar III

Analysis and Visualisation

June, 2022



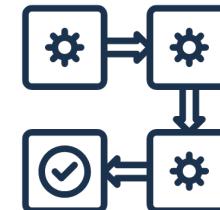
Agenda



Methodology
recap



Matching process
recap



Analysis
Workflow

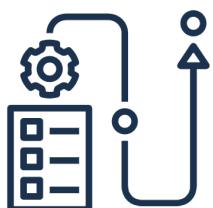


Visualization



Final
comments

Methodology *Recap*



PACTA for Banks

Methodology Recap

Corporate lending portfolios

Alignment of loan books is benchmarked against climate change scenarios and the market

Climate Change Scenarios

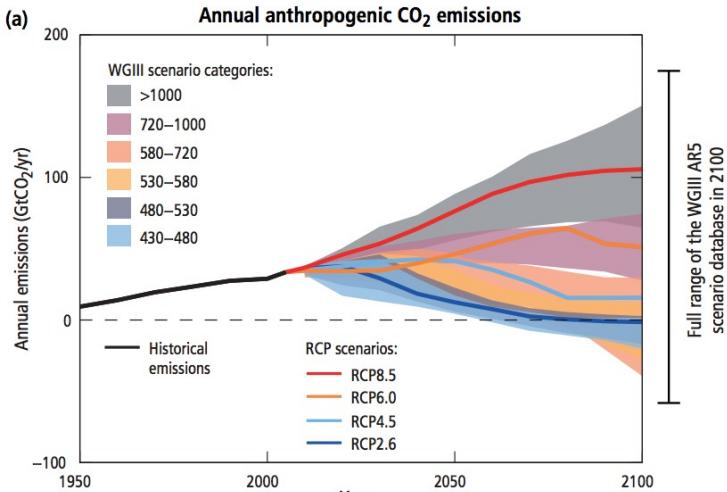


Figure SPM.5 from page 9 of the [IPCC AR5 Summary for Policymakers](#):



Metrics

- Technology mix

- Volume trajectory

- Emission Intensity

Loans are mapped to the physical assets in the real economy and their corresponding production values

Physical Assets in the Real Economy



The Matching Process *Recap*



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The Matching Process Recap

- Step 1: Importing necessary files
 - Importing loan book
 - Importing Asset-Based Company-Level Data (ABCD)

```
# option 1  
  
your_loanbook <- r2dii.data::loanbook_demo  
  
your_abcd <- r2dii.data::abcd_demo  
  
# option 2  
  
your_loanbook <- readr::read_csv("...enter file path.../lbk.csv")  
  
your_abcd <- readr::read_csv("...enter file path.../abcd.csv")
```

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The Matching Process Recap

- Step 2: Matching

```
# match lbk to abcd  
match_file <- r2dii.match::match_name(your_loanbook, your_abcd)
```

- Optional advanced matching

```
# match lbk to abcd  
match_file <- r2dii.match::match_name(your_loanbook, your_abcd, by_sector == TRUE,  
min_score = 0.8, method = "jw", p = 0.1, overwrite = NULL)
```

min_score allows you to set the matching score threshold

method allows you to use different algorithms to determine the score of the matching

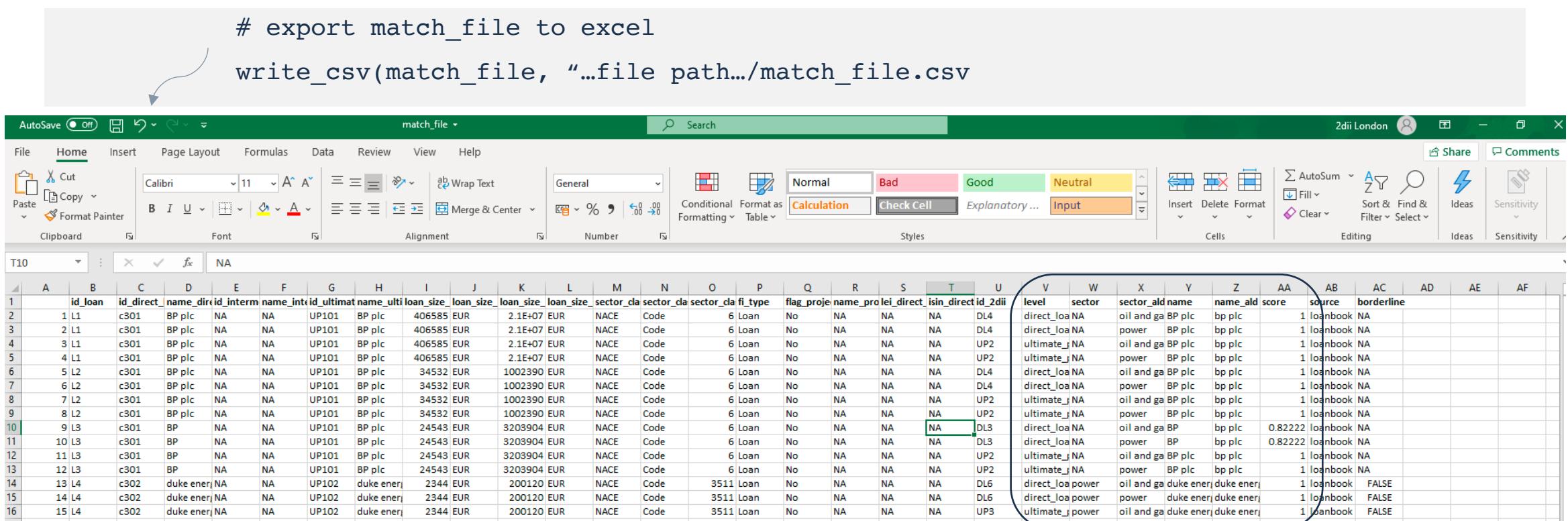
by_sector allows you to match any names irrespective of the sector classification

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The Matching Process Recap

- Step 3: Manual matching
 - Export the “match_file from R to Excel,
 - Allocate 1 = match, 0 = no match to each loan in the score column

```
# export match_file to excel
write_csv(match_file, "...file path.../match_file.csv")
```



The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "match_file". The spreadsheet contains a large dataset with many columns. A green arrow points from the R code above to the "match_file" tab in the Excel ribbon. A red oval highlights the "score" column, which contains numerical values representing the matching status for each loan.

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U | V | W | X | Y | Z | AA | AB | AC | AD | AE | AF |
|----|-------|------|-----------|----|----|-----|-----------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1 L1 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 406585 | EUR | 2.1E+07 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL4 | direct_loa NA | oil and ga | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 3 | 2 L1 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 406585 | EUR | 2.1E+07 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL4 | direct_loa NA | power | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 4 | 3 L1 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 406585 | EUR | 2.1E+07 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | oil and ga | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 5 | 4 L1 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 406585 | EUR | 2.1E+07 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | power | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 6 | 5 L2 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 34532 | EUR | 1002390 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL4 | direct_loa NA | oil and ga | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 7 | 6 L2 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 34532 | EUR | 1002390 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL4 | direct_loa NA | power | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 8 | 7 L2 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 34532 | EUR | 1002390 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | oil and ga | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 9 | 8 L2 | c301 | BP plc | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 34532 | EUR | 1002390 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | power | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 10 | 9 L3 | c301 | BP | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 24543 | EUR | 3203904 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL3 | direct_loa NA | oil and ga | BP | bp plc | 0.82222 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 11 | 10 L3 | c301 | BP | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 24543 | EUR | 3203904 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL3 | direct_loa NA | power | BP | bp plc | 0.82222 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 12 | 11 L3 | c301 | BP | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 24543 | EUR | 3203904 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | oil and ga | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 13 | 12 L3 | c301 | BP | NA | NA | UP1 | BP plc | 24543 | EUR | 3203904 | EUR | NACE | Code | 6 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP2 | ultimate_j NA | power | BP plc | bp plc | 1 | loanbook | NA | | | | |
| 14 | 13 L4 | c302 | duke ener | NA | NA | UP1 | duke ener | 2344 | EUR | 200120 | EUR | NACE | Code | 3511 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL6 | direct_loa power | oil and ga | duke ener | duke ener | 1 | loanbook | FALSE | | | | |
| 15 | 14 L4 | c302 | duke ener | NA | NA | UP1 | duke ener | 2344 | EUR | 200120 | EUR | NACE | Code | 3511 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | DL6 | direct_loa power | power | duke ener | duke ener | 1 | loanbook | FALSE | | | | |
| 16 | 15 L4 | c302 | duke ener | NA | NA | UP1 | duke ener | 2344 | EUR | 200120 | EUR | NACE | Code | 3511 | Loan | No | NA | NA | NA | NA | UP3 | ultimate_j power | oil and ga | duke ener | duke ener | 1 | loanbook | FALSE | | | | |

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The Matching Process Recap

- Step 4 (optional): Overwrite file
- Step 5: Prioritize matches
 - Read the “matched_file” file back into R

```
matched_file_ready <- readr::read_csv("...enter file path.../matched_file_ready.csv")
```

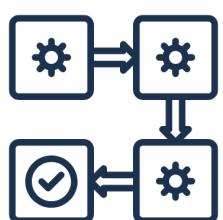
- The prioritize function selects the best match for the loan at the Direct Loan Taker level, when found. Otherwise the Ultimate Parent is used.

```
loanbook_demo_ready <- r2dii.match::prioritize(matched_file_ready)
```

- If instead, you would like the production values of the Ultimate Parent:

```
loanbook_demo_ready <- r2dii.match::prioritize(matched_file_ready, priority = rev)
```

Analysis Workflow



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Analysis Workflow

- Step 1: Importing and loading necessary files and tables
 - Importing scenarios
 - Loading regions

```
# scenario data for fossil fuel, power and automotive sectors  
scenario_isf_nz <-  
  read_csv("../file path../ISF-NZ-2020-Fossil-Fule-Power.csv")  
  
scenario_nz_iea <-  
  read_csv("../file path../NZ-IEA-2021-Fossil-Fuel-Power-Auto.csv")  
  
scenario_weo_2019 <-  
  read_csv("../file_path../WEO-2019-ETP-2017-Fossil-Fuel-Power-Auto.csv")  
  
scenario_weo_2020 <-  
  read_csv("../file path../WEO-2020-Fossil-Fuel-Power.csv")
```

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Analysis Workflow

- Step 1: Importing and loading necessary files and tables
 - Importing scenarios
 - Loading regions

```
# scenario data for cement, steel and aviation sectors
scenario_etp_2017_co2 <-
  read_csv("...file path.../ETP-2017-CO2-Intensity-for-Steel-Cement.csv")
scenario_isf_nz_co2 <-
  read_csv("...file path.../ISF-NZ-2020-CO2-Intensity-for-Steel-Cement-and-
Aviation.csv")

# regions
regions <- r2dii.data::region_isos
```

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Analysis Workflow

- Step 2: Calculate targets

Attributing macro carbon budgets to micro-economic actors

- Step 2.1.: Market share approach

- The target set out by the scenario will be met collectively, with all the players responsible for their market share within the sector
- Market share is calculated as the companies' share of the sector's total production in a given technology

PACTA for Banks

Analysis Workflow

- Step 2: Calculate targets
- Step 2.1.: Market share approach
 - At portfolio level:

```
market_share_targets_portfolio <- lbk_ready %>% target_market_share(  
    abcd = abcd, scenario = scenario, region_isos = regions)
```

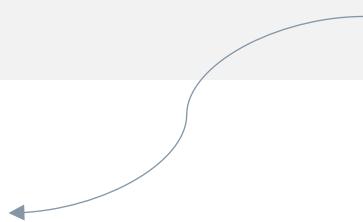
- Optional to use credit_limit

```
market_share_targets_portfolio <- lbk_ready %>% target_market_share(  
    abcd = abcd, scenario = scenario, region_isos = regions, use_credit_limit = TRUE,  
    weight_production = TRUE)
```

Production is weighted by
relative loan-size



Use loan_size_credit_limit
instead of loan_size_outstanding



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Analysis Workflow

- Step 2: Calculate targets
- Step 2.1.: Market share approach
 - At company level:

```
market_share_targets_portfolio_company <- lbk_ready %>% target_market_share(  
    abcd = abcd, scenario = scenario, region_isos = regions, by_company = TRUE,  
    weight_production = FALSE)
```

How the results should look like:

| sector | technology | year | region | scenario_source | metric | production | technology_share |
|--------|------------|------|--------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|
| All | All | All | All | All | All | All | All |
| power | coalcap | 2020 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 22283.679 | 0.12873655 |
| power | coalcap | 2020 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3581944.526 | 0.37427497 |
| power | coalcap | 2020 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 22283.679 | 0.38410394 |
| power | coalcap | 2020 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 22283.679 | 0.38410394 |
| power | coalcap | 2020 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 22283.679 | 0.38410394 |
| power | coalcap | 2021 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 22461.950 | 0.12875337 |
| power | coalcap | 2021 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3582775.094 | 0.36982845 |
| power | coalcap | 2021 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 21999.210 | 0.37576589 |
| power | coalcap | 2021 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 21709.413 | 0.36991330 |
| power | coalcap | 2021 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 21894.950 | 0.37380315 |
| power | coalcap | 2022 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 22640.220 | 0.12877104 |
| power | coalcap | 2022 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3583605.662 | 0.36914436 |
| power | coalcap | 2022 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 21714.742 | 0.36757753 |
| power | coalcap | 2022 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 21135.148 | 0.35604449 |
| power | coalcap | 2022 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 21506.220 | 0.36369703 |
| power | coalcap | 2023 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 22818.491 | 0.12878954 |
| power | coalcap | 2023 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3584436.230 | 0.36459286 |
| power | coalcap | 2023 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 21430.274 | 0.35953487 |
| power | coalcap | 2023 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 20560.883 | 0.34248669 |
| power | coalcap | 2023 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 21117.491 | 0.35378012 |
| power | coalcap | 2024 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 22996.762 | 0.12880884 |
| power | coalcap | 2024 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3585266.798 | 0.36442687 |
| power | coalcap | 2024 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 21145.806 | 0.35163405 |
| power | coalcap | 2024 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 19986.617 | 0.32922955 |
| power | coalcap | 2024 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 20728.762 | 0.34404715 |
| power | coalcap | 2025 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 20340.087 | 0.11722732 |
| power | coalcap | 2025 | global | demo_2020 | corporate_economy | 3586097.366 | 0.37383549 |
| power | coalcap | 2025 | global | demo_2020 | target_cps | 20861.337 | 0.34387135 |
| power | coalcap | 2025 | global | demo_2020 | target_sds | 19412.352 | 0.31626318 |
| power | coalcap | 2025 | global | demo_2020 | target_sps | 20340.033 | 0.33449305 |
| power | coalcap | 2026 | global | demo_2020 | projected | 20486.606 | 0.11724816 |

sectors: power,
oil and gas,
automotive

technologies:
vary depending
on the sector

year:
2020 - 2040

region: vary
depending on the
scenario used

scenario_source:
vary depending on
the scenario used

metrics: projected,
targets, and
corporate_economy

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Analysis Workflow

- Step 2: Calculate targets
 - Attributing macro carbon budgets to micro-economic actors
- Step 2.2.: Sectoral decarbonisation approach
 - All portfolio intensity targets will converge to equal the sector intensity target at the end of the date prescribed by the scenario

PACTA for Banks

Analysis Workflow

- Step 2: Calculate targets
- Step 2.2.: Sectoral decarbonisation approach
 - At portfolio level:

```
sda_targets_portfolio <- lbk_ready %>% target_sda(  
    abcd = abcd, co2_intensity_scenario = scenario, region_isos = regions)
```

- Optional to use credit_limit

```
sda_targets_portfolio <- lbk_ready %>% target_sda(  
    abcd = abcd, co2_intensity_scenario = scenario, region_isos = regions,  
    use_credit_limit = TRUE)
```



Use loan_size_credit_limit
instead of loan_size_outstanding

How the results should look like:

| sector | year | emission_factor_metric | emission_factor_value |
|--------|------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| All | All | All | All |
| cement | 2020 | projected | 0.66431197 |
| cement | 2020 | corporate_economy | 0.66929376 |
| cement | 2020 | target_demo | 0.66431197 |
| cement | 2020 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.66141222 |
| cement | 2021 | projected | 0.66522074 |
| cement | 2021 | corporate_economy | 0.67027667 |
| cement | 2021 | target_demo | 0.60732952 |
| cement | 2021 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.60471975 |
| cement | 2022 | projected | 0.66612950 |
| cement | 2022 | corporate_economy | 0.67122370 |
| cement | 2022 | target_demo | 0.55034707 |
| cement | 2022 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.54802727 |
| cement | 2023 | projected | 0.66703827 |
| cement | 2023 | corporate_economy | 0.67213482 |
| cement | 2023 | target_demo | 0.49336461 |
| cement | 2023 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.49133479 |
| cement | 2024 | projected | 0.66794704 |
| cement | 2024 | corporate_economy | 0.67300999 |
| cement | 2024 | target_demo | 0.43638216 |
| cement | 2024 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.43464232 |
| cement | 2025 | projected | 0.66885581 |
| cement | 2025 | corporate_economy | 0.67384917 |
| cement | 2025 | target_demo | 0.37939971 |
| cement | 2025 | adjusted_scenario_demo | 0.37794984 |

sectors:
cement, steel
and aviation

year:
2020 – 2025 are used,
2013 – 2050 is extra

emission_factor_metric:
projected,
corporate_economy,
target_b2ds,
adjusted_scenario_b2ds

Visualisation



PACTA for Banks

Visualisation

- Set up
 - Installing packages

```
# installation  
  
install.packages("r2dii.plot") / library("r2dii.plot")  
  
# other packages that go well with r2dii.plot  
  
install.packages(ggplot2) / library(ggplot2)  
install.packages(dplyr) / library(dplyr)
```

- Making sure your data has a similar structure to that of the demo datasets

```
loanbook <- loanbook_demo  
  
abcd <- abcd_demo  
  
scenario <- co2_intensity_scenario_demo  
  
region <- region_isos_demo
```

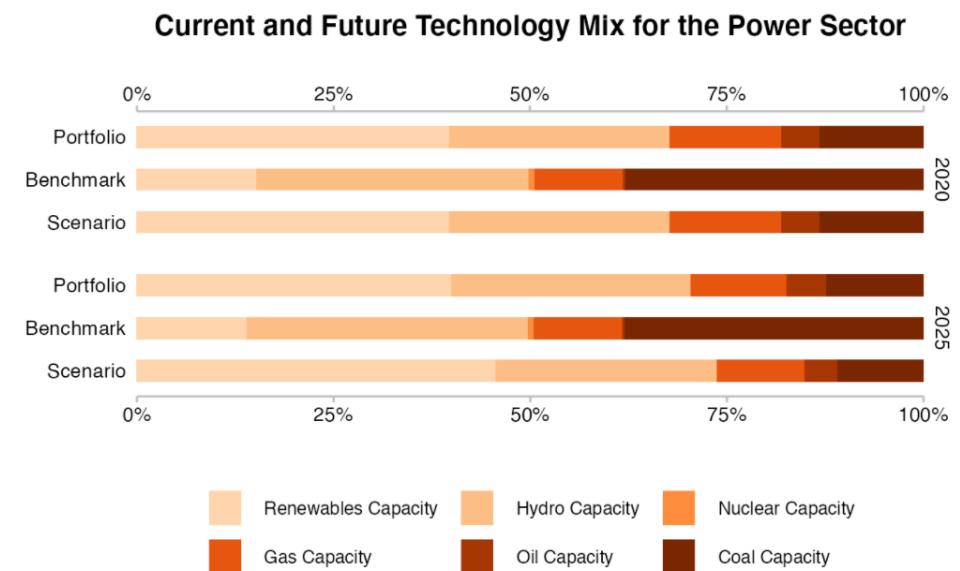
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Visualisation

- Sector level technology mix

```
market_share_targets_portfolio %>%
  subset(
    sector == "power" &
    region == "global" &
    scenario_source == "scenario_source" &
    metric %in%
      c("projected", "corporate_economy", "target_sds")
  ) %>%
  qplot_techmix()
```

- Various sectors
- Various regions



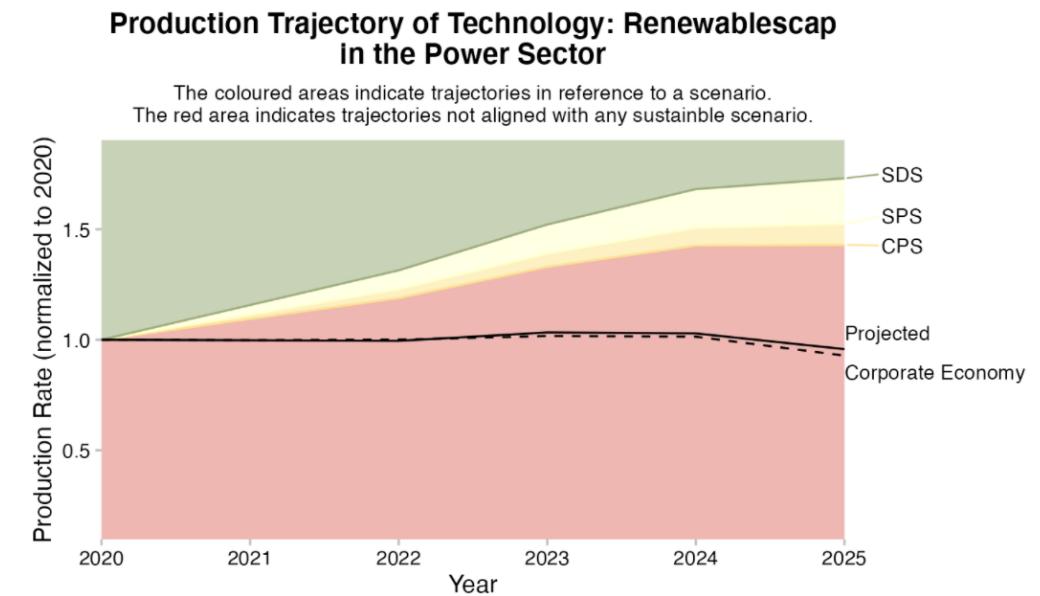
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Visualisation

- Technology level volume trajectory

```
market_share_targets_portfolio %>%
  subset(
    technology == "renewablescap" &
    region == "global" &
    scenario_source == "scenario_source"
  ) %>%
  qplot_trajectory()
```

- Various technologies
- Various regions



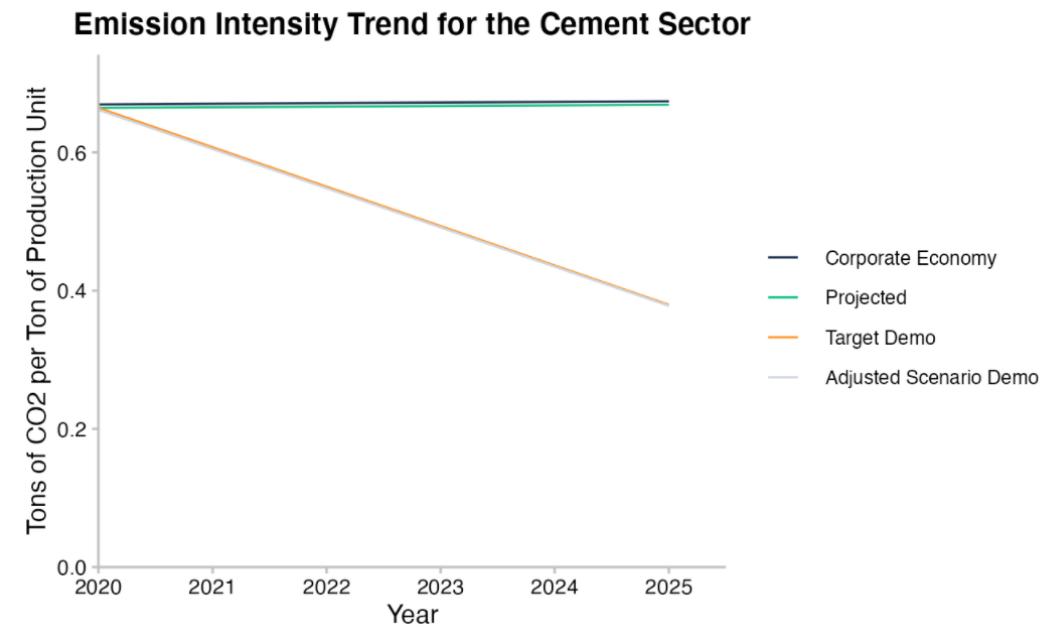
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Visualisation

- SDA target

```
sda_targets_portfolio %>%
  subset(
    sector == "cement" &
    region == "global" &
    scenario_source == "scenario_source"
  ) %>%
  qplot_emission_intensity()
```

- Various sectors



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Visualisation

- Sector level technology mix by company

```
results_yukon <- market_share_targets_portfolio_company %>%
  filter(name_abcd == "yukon development corp")

results_yukon %>%
  subset(
    sector == "power" &
    region == "global" &
    scenario_source == " scenario_source" &
    metric %in%
      c("projected", "corporate_economy", "target_sds")
  ) %>%
  qplot_techmix()
```

PACTA for Banks

Visualisation

- Technology level volume trajectory by company

```
results_yukon <- market_share_targets_portfolio_company %>%  
  filter(name_abcd == "yukon development corp")  
  
results_yukon %>%  
  subset(  
    technology == "renewablescap" &  
    region == "global" &  
    scenario_source == " scenario_source"  
  ) %>%  
  qplot_trajectory()
```

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More on Visualisation

Plots can be customised in three ways:

1. Use parameters of `plot_*`() function
2. Modify the input data
3. Use “`ggplot2`” functions.

Some typical options are:

- Change the time span.
- Add custom labels by modifying the column ‘metric’ and technology of the results data.
- Add a title and a subtitle.
- Change x and y axis labels.
- Customize the colours and legend labels with `ggplot2::scale_colour_manual()` or `r2dii.plot::scale_*`() functions

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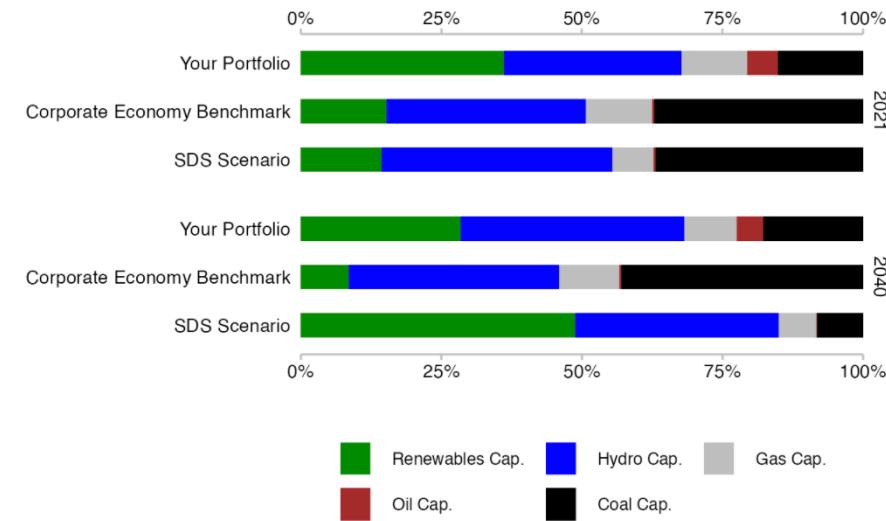
More on Visualisation

- Sector level technology mix

```

data <- market_share %>%
  filter(
    metric %in% c("projected", "corporate_economy", "target_sds"),
    sector == "power",
    region == "global",
    year >= 2021,
    year <= 2040) %>% # custom time range
  mutate(
    label = case_when(
      metric == "projected" ~ "Your Portfolio",
      metric == "corporate_economy" ~ "Corporate Economy Benchmark",
      metric == "target_sds" ~ "SDS Scenario")))
  plot_techmix(data) +
  scale_fill_manual(
    values = c("black", "brown", "grey", "yellow", "blue", "green4"),
    labels = paste(c("Coal", "Oil", "Gas", "Nuclear", "Hydro", "Renewables"), "Cap."))
  )

```



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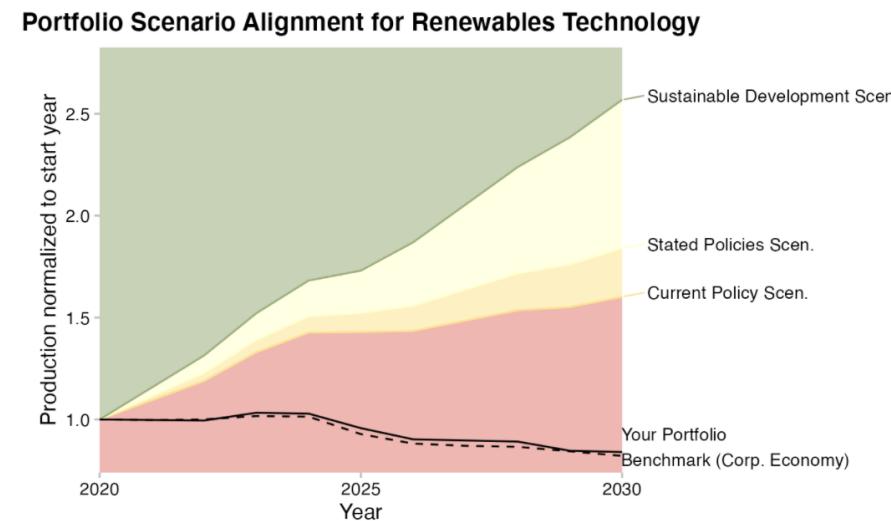
More on Visualisation

- Technology level volume trajectory

```

data <- matched %>%
  target_market_share(alld, scenario = scenario_demo_2020, region_isos = region) %>%
  filter(
    technology == "renewablescap",
    region == "global",
    year <= 2030) %>%
  mutate(
    label = case_when(
      metric == "projected" ~ "Your Portfolio",
      metric == "corporate_economy" ~ "Benchmark (Corp. Economy)",
      metric == "target_sds" ~ "Sustainable Development Scen.",
      metric == "target_sps" ~ "Stated Policies Scen.",
      metric == "target_cps" ~ "Current Policy Scen.",
      TRUE ~ metric))
  plot_trajectory(data) +
  scale_x_continuous(n.breaks = 3) +
  labs(
    title = "Portfolio Scenario Alignment for Renewables Technology",
    x = "Year",
    y = "Production normalized to start year") +
  theme(plot.margin = unit(c(0.5, 6, 0.5, 1), "cm"))

```



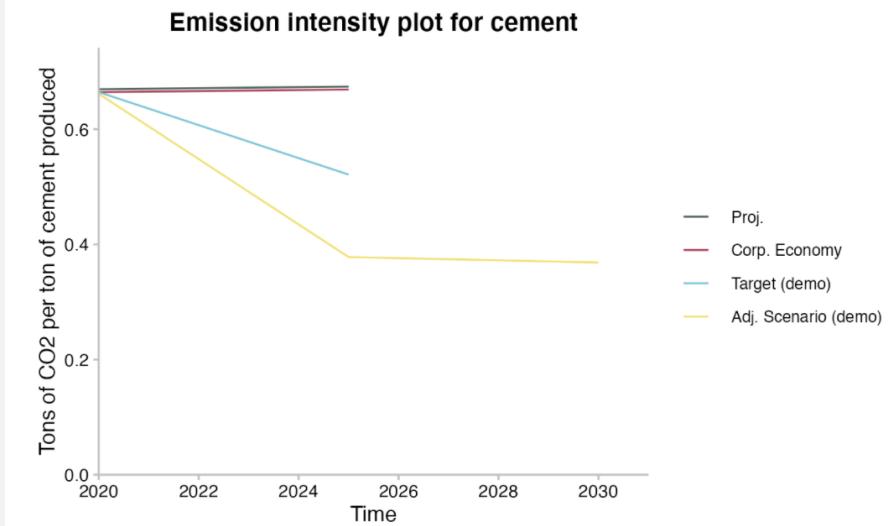
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More on Visualisation

- SDA target

```
data <- sda %>%
  filter(
    sector == "cement",
    year <= 2030)

plot_emission_intensity(data) +
  labs(
    title = "Emission intensity plot for cement",
    x = "Time",
    y = "Tons of CO2 per ton of cement produced") +
  scale_color_manual(
    values = c("#4a5e54", "#a63d57", "#78c4d6", "#f2e06e"),
    labels = c("Proj.", "Corp. Economy", "Target (demo)", "Adj. Scenario (demo)"))
```



Final comments



Final comments

- This Webinar is the final on a series of three published webinars for the implementation of PACTA for Banks.
- All relevant PACTA for Banks information is published in the Capital Transition Monitor website:
 - <https://www.transitionmonitor.com/pacta-for-banks-2020/>
- Documentation of the packages funtionalities is also available online.
- If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us by writing an email to any of these emails:
 - banks@2degrees-investing.org
 - contact@2degress-investing.org

Thank you for your attention.